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ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1999:421658 CAPLUS Full-text
DN
     131:58768
TI
     Carboxylic acid substituted heterocycles as metalloproteinase inhibitors
IN
     Koch, Kevin; Termin, Andreas; Josey, John A.
PΑ
     Amgen Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                 KIND DATE
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    WO 9932452 A1 19990701 WO 1998-US27082 19981218
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            KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,
            MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
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    US 6335329
                    B1 20020101
                                  US 1998-213031
                                                        19981216
    CA 2315826
                     AA
                          19990701
                                       CA 1998-2315826 19981218
                    A1
    AU 9919325
                          19990712
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                                                        19981218
    AU 746957
                    B2
                          20020509
                                       EP 1998-964135
    EP 1042297
                    A1
                          20001011
                                                        19981218
    EP 1042297
                    B1
                          20030226
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
    JP 2001526267
                    T2 20011218
                                        JP 2000-525389
                                                        19981218
    AT 233244
                     \mathbf{E}
                          20030315
                                        AT 1998-964135
                                                        19981218
    CN 1110482
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                         20030604
                                        CN 1998-813681
                                                        19981218
    ES 2191986
                    T3 20030916
                                        ES 1998-964135
                                                        19981218
    US 6291450
                    B1 20010918
                                        US 2000-588978
                                                        20000607
                    A1 20020530
    US 2002065269
                                        US 2001-887479
                                                        20010622
    US 6593351
                     B2
                          20030715
    US 2004029863
                    A1 20040212
                                       US 2003-601975
                                                      20030623
PRAI US 1997-68200P
                   P 19971219
    US 1998-213031
                    A 19981216
    WO 1998-US27082 W
                         19981218
    US 2000-588978
                     A3 20000607
    US 2001-887479
                     A3
                         20010622
OS
    MARPAT 131:58768
GI
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L4

- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB The nitrogen heterocycle carboxylic acids I [m = 1, 2; n = 0, 1, 2; R1 =alkyl alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl , aryl, heteroaryl substituted by HO, R3O, R3S, R3SO, NR3R4 (R3, R4 = H, alkyl, haloalkyl, aryl, etc); R5, R6 = H, alkyl; R5R6 = bond; R9, R10 = A-B- (B = bond, (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkyl; A = H, halo, cyano, NO2, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, alkoxy, alkylamino, etc.); R11 = acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, alkylsulfonyl, etc.; R33 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, heterocyclyl] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were

prepared as metalloproteinase inhibitors for prophylaxis and treatment of inflammation, tissue degradation, cancer, fibrosis and related diseases. The invention encompasses novel compds., analogs, prodrugs and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, pharmaceutical compns. and methods for prophylaxis and treatment of inflammation, tissue degradation and related diseases. The subject invention also relates to processes for making such compds. as well as to intermediates useful in such processes. Thus, D-aspartic acid β -benzyl ester underwent successive, esterification, methoxybenzenesulfonylation, and allylation reactions to give the allylsuccinate II which underwent metathesis/cyclization to give the azepinedicarboxylate III.

IT 228420-43-7P 228420-44-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of azepinedicarboxylates as metalloproteinase inhibitors)

RN 228420-43-7 CAPLUS

CN 2-Azocinecarboxylic acid, octahydro-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[(phenylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, (2R,3S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 228420-44-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Azocinecarboxylic acid, octahydro-1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl]-3-[[(phenylmethyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, (2R,3R)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 5 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 139:276910 MARPAT Full-text

TI Preparation of pyridinamine and pyrimidinamine derivatives as novel inhibitors of histone deacetylase

IN Angibaud, Patrick Rene; Van Emelen, Kristof; Poncelet, Virginie Sophie; Roux, Bruno

PA Janssen Pharmaceutica N.V., Belg.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 63 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 8

GI

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ------ΡI WO 2003076430 A1 20030918 WO 2003-EP2513 20030311 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRAI US 2002-363799P 20020313

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\$$

The title compds. [I; n, m = 0-3; t = 0-1; Q, X, Y = N, C; Z = CH2, O; R1 = CONR3R4, NHCOR7, CO(alkanediyl)SR7, etc. (wherein R3, R4 = H, OH, alkyl, etc.; R7 = H, alkyl, alkylcarbonyl, etc.); R2 = H, OH, NH2, etc.; L = alkanediyl, CO, SO2, alkanediyl substituted with Ph; A = (un)substituted Ph, cyclohexyl, pyridyl, etc.], having histone deacetylase inhibiting enzymic activity, were prepared and formulated. E.g., a multi-step synthesis of II which showed pIC50 of 7.676 against HDAC, was given.

MSTR 1

$$G2 = (0-2) 17$$

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\frac{\text{H}G}{\text{G}^{3}} = 19
\frac{\text{H}G}{\text{G}^{4}} = \text{NH2} / 423
\frac{4230}{\text{G}^{3}} = \text{SO2}
\frac{\text{G}}{\text{G}^{2}} = \text{OH}
```

MPL: claim 1

NTE: substitution is restricted

NTE: and N-oxides

NTE: also incorporates claim 10, structure II

NTE: additional substitution of rings in G18 also claimed

STE: and stereochemically isomeric forms

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L8 ANSWER 2 OF 5 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 139:189329 MARPAT Full-text

TI Doped organic semiconductor material and method for production thereof

IN Werner, Ansgar; Pfeiffer, Martin; Fritz, Torsten; Leo, Karl

PA Novaled G.m.b.H., Germany

SO PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA German

FAN. CNT 1

FAN.	CNT	1																
	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.			o. :	DATE							
										-								
PI	WO 2003070822		A	2	20030828			WO 2003-DE558				20030220						
	WO 2003070822		22	Α	3	20040610												
		W:	ΑE,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,
			KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,
			MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,
			TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZW							
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR							
	DE 10207859 DE 10307125			A.	1	2003	0904		D	E 200	02-1	0207	359	2002	0220			
				A.	1	20040108			DE 2003-10307125 20030218									

PRAI DE 2002-10207859 20020220

AB The invention relates to a doped organic semiconductor material with increased charge carrier d. and more effective charge carrier mobility, which may be obtained by doping an organic semiconductor material with a chemical compound comprising 1 or several organic mol. groups and at least one further compound partner. The desired doping effect is achieved after cleavage of at least one organic mol. group from the chemical compound by means of at least one organic mol. group or by means of the product of a reaction of at least one mol. group with another atom or mol. A method for production thereof is disclosed.

MSTR 11

G1 = NH2 (SO) / CO2H / SO3H

MPL: claim 26

NTE: additional ring and double bond formation also claimed

NTE: oxygens in G1 are free radicals

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 5 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 126:13050 MARPAT Full-text

TI Electrophotographic migration imaging member

IN Malhotra, Shadi L.; Chen, Liqin; Perron, Marie-Eve

PA Xerox Corp., USA

SO U.S., 144 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	BR 9602246	A	19980113	BR 1996-2246 19960514
	JP 08314241	A2	19961129	JP 1996-113457 19960508
	CA 2170298	C	20011002	
	CA 2170298	AA	19961116	CA 1996-2170298 19960226
PI	US 5563014	Α	19961008	US 1995-442227 19950515
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE

PRAI US 1995-442227 19950515

Disclosed is a migration imaging member comprising (a) a substrate, (b) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material, and (c) a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material in contact therewith contained in at least one layer of the migration imaging member. Also disclosed is a process which comprises (1) providing a migration imaging member comprising (a) a substrate, (b) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material, and (c) a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material in contact therewith contained in at least one layer of the migration imaging member, (2) uniformly charging the imaging member, (3) exposing the charged imaging member to an activating radiation at a wavelength to which the migration marking material is sensitive, and (4) causing the softenable material to soften and enabling a first portion of the migration marking material to migrate through the softenable material toward the substrate in an imagewise pattern while a second portion of the migration marking material remains substantially unmigrated within the softenable layer, wherein subsequent to migration of the first portion of migration marking material, either (a) the first portion of migration marking material contacts the transparentizing agent and the second portion of migration marking material does not contact the transparentizing agent or (b) the second portion of migration marking material contacts the transparentizing agent and the first portion of migration marking material does not contact the transparentizing agent.

MSTR 1

G2—G1

$$G2 = 26$$

$$G4 = SO2$$
 $G5 = OH$
 $G6 = (0-3) 27$

MPL: claim 11

NTE: additional ring formation and modification is allowed

NTE: also incorporates claims 15, 17, 20, 25 and 31

L8ANSWER 4 OF 5 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 125:127644 MARPAT Full-text

Method for obtaining improved image contrast in migration imaging TΙ members

Limburg, William W.; Mammino, Joseph; Liebermann, George; Griffiths, IN Clifford H.; Shahin, Michael M.; Malhotra, Shadi L.; Chen, Liqin; Perron, Marie-Eve

PAXerox Corp., USA

so U.S., 147 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DTPatent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 5514505	Α	19960507	US 1995-441360	19950515
	CA 2169980	AA	19961116	CA 1996-2169980	19960221
	CA 2169980	C	20010424		
	JP 08314240	A2	19961129	JP 1996-113456	19960508
	EP 743573	A2	19961120	EP 1996-303359	19960514
	EP 743573	A3	19970305		
	EP 743573	B1	20000906		
	R: DE, FR,	GB			

PRAI US 1995-441360 19950515

Disclosed is a process which comprises (a) providing a migration imaging AB member comprising (1) a substrate and (2) a softenable layer comprising a softenable material and a photosensitive migration marking material present in the softenable layer as a monolayer of particles situated at or near the surface of the softenable layer spaced from the substrate, (b) uniformly charging the imaging member, (c) imagewise exposing the charged imaging member to activating radiation at a wavelength to which the migration marking material is sensitive, (d) causing the softenable material to soften and enabling a first portion of the migration marking material to migrate through the softenable material toward the substrate in an imagewise pattern while a second portion of the migration marking material remains substantially unmigrated within the softenable layer, and (e) contacting the second portion of the migration marking material with a transparentizing agent which transparentizes the migration marking material.

MSTR 1

$$G1 = NH2 / 31 / SO3H$$

$$G2 = (1-3) 54$$

MPL: claim 10

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ANSWER 5 OF 5 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L8
     122:265358 MARPAT Full-text
AN
TI
     Preparation of azabicyclic arthropodicides
IN
     Piotrowski, David Walter
PA
     du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
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APPLICATION NO. PΙ WO 9503306 **A**1 19950202 WO 1994-US8404 19940721 AM, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, FI, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LT, LV, MD, MG, MN, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, US, UZ, VN RW: KE, MW, SD, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 9474747 19950220 AU 1994-74747 A1 19940721 PRAI US 1993-95876 19930722 US 1993-156197 19931122 WO 1994-US8404 19940721

AB The title compds. [I; Q = (un)substituted azabicyclo group; R1, R2 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, cycloalkyl, CN, SCN, NO2, (un)substituted NH2, etc.], useful as arthropodicides, are prepared and I-containing formulations presented. Thus, pyridine derivative II (m.p. 78-79°) was prepared and demonstrated mortality levels of ≥80% for two-spotted spider mites (Tetranychus urticae) on kidney bean leaves when applied at 0.5 kg/ha.

MSTR 1

GΙ

$$G11 = 77$$

G12 = (0-2) CH2 (SO)G20 = SO2

G25 = NO2 / CO2Me
MPL: claim 1
NTE: substitution is restricted

=> d 11; d his; log y
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:38:05 ON 01 JUL 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:38:15 ON 01 JUL 2004

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

L2 0 S L1

L3 2 S L1 FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:38:39 ON 01 JUL 2004

L4 1 S L3

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 18:39:01 ON 01 JUL 2004

L5 0 S L1 FUL

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 18:39:14 ON 01 JUL 2004

L6 7 S L1 FUL L7 6 S L6/COM L8 5 S L7 NOT L4

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	132.09	293.24
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-3.30	~4.04

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 18:40:21 ON 01 JUL 2004